## SCIENTIFIC CONTRIBUTION TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF LAND LAW OF GEORGY AKSENONOK I.M. ZARITSKA, Doctor of Law, Associate Professor, S.M. GOLUB, 2nd year student of the Faculty of Law National University of Life and Environmental Sciences of Ukraine

We study the scientific contributions life and activities of the Soviet lawyer, Corresponding Member of the USSR, a specialist in the field of land and the collective rights of Georgy Aksenonka.

## Land Law, land relations, state ownership of land.

Ukraine is still quite a young country and because of its historical development has come a long way to independence and world recognition. Despite this legal framework is quite high and advanced levels, it is not surprising, because it was preceded heritage and achievements of prominent scientific figures, taking back to the Kievan Rus. Of course, the peak of his considerable development of the science of land rights acquired during the USSR. Taking into account that in Ukraine based development of productive forces, and was associated primarily with the sphere of land relations, largely because of its economic stability depended on the degree of regulation of these relations. Therefore, we set ourselves the task that is relevant to the present, specifically the analysis of research in the above mentioned area of some prominent scholars, such as G.O. Aksenonka.

The figure is, in our opinion, has made a significant contribution, which gave impetus to the development of individual land rights institutions have Georgy Aksenonok. His scientific contribution to the development of land rights in the works studied scholars such as A. Getman, P. Kulinich,

I.O. Kostyashkin, O. Baran, I. Hevko and find information about it in encyclopedias.

The main areas of research G.O. Aksenonka were to study the theory of property rights on state land in the USSR and principles of land relations under socialism. Also made a significant contribution to the study of problems of agricultural and environmental law. The main works stand out: "The right of state ownership of land in the USSR" (1950), "Land Use Right farms, MTS and farms" (1953), "Land relations in the USSR" (1958). "The legal status of farms in the USSR "(1960).

In the field of agricultural and environmental law GO Aksenonok one of the first involved the need for forest, water and mining legislation in the field of independent law stipulating the presence of a kind of object governed their relations and the specific nature of most relationships.

Pretty much attention to research Georgy paid area of land relations under socialism. In scientific heritage "Land relations in the USSR" (1958) he argues that the problem of land relations in the present nominated as one of the central problems in science and land law is of great theoretical and practical importance.

According to G.O. Aksenonka, their Soviet land law norms, in addition to land relationships also regulate the relations associated with the use of forests, minerals, water. In the future it will not exclude further development of these relations and the law in this circumstance connected with the possibility of separation of the system of land rights and self-formation as forestry, mining and water rights. From his deep conviction that there was only land law, a subject which united not only land, but also water, forest and mining relationship.

So Georgy Aksenonok leave a legacy than a scientific treatise, which is currently used in the field of land law, as we see the range of his research is not restricted one institution in the industry. His works are widely used in scientific work of Ukrainian scientists. Its development is largely influenced the development of Ukrainian land law in general.