THE PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION SYSTEM IN FOREST PROTECTION: MODERN PARADIGM

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The article investigates the activity of state bodies exercising control over the use, reproduction and protection of forests in Ukraine, the analysis of individual definitions relating to the study.

Control, governance, system of forest protection, forest protection.

Today, forestry is moving towards reproduction. Considerable influence on him has scientific and technical progress, which is steadily moving in to the creation and implementation of new technology. Under the influence of science and technology is changing the structure of forest management, improved forms and methods lisohospo-governmental activities, improving the organization of production.

State governments are already divided into forest protection agencies of general and special powers. This distinction in law, it is appropriate at least that the scheme clearly emphasizes the importance and level of authority in this area.

Purpose of the article is an analysis of the system of government in the field of forest research their tasks and powers.

The current model of public administration in the system of forest protection created many centuries. Bodies of forest management created, changed and canceled with each new head of state. So, gradually, since XVIII, forest authorities changed their functions and tasks, expanded powers. Also perfected the law, which regulated forest relationships and their controls.

According to Art. 25 current Forest Code of Ukraine today, the main objectives of state regulation and management of forest relations is to provide effective protection, proper protection, rational use and reproduction of forests.

In the literature some attention is paid to systematize government. In our opinion, the most appropriate to support the view that governance in the area of forest authorities exercise general and special competence. The basis of this systematization assigned character competence. However, governments should also share in terms of territorial distribution of authority: national and local (regional). The division of the administration set criteria allows a more comprehensive view of their activities and collaboration in the protection of forests. When assigning certain of the system of government in the field of forest management must take into account their competence in this area.

Governments general competence provides overall management of forests, along with other areas of public administration. These bodies solve organizational issues protection of forests as well as the management of social relations in other areas of society, that they are carrying out state management of protection of forests along with other tasks within their competence - economic development, social sector management, defense, culture, etc.. The bodies of general competence in the field of protection of forest are: Parliament of Ukraine, President of Ukraine, the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine, local administrations and local authorities.

Public administration in the field of conservation, protection, use and reproduction of forests perform Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine, the Government of the Republic of Crimea, the Ministry of Environmental Protection of Ukraine and its local bodies, specially authorized executive authorities and other bodies in accordance with the laws of Ukraine.

Specially authorized state forestry agencies are the Ministry of Forestry of Ukraine and its local bodies.

Control of the conservation, protection, use and reproduction of forests is to ensure compliance with all state and public bodies, enterprises, institutions and organizations, and citizens demands forest law.

State control over protection, protection, use and reproduction of forests realized by the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine, Ministry of Environmental Protection of Ukraine and its local bodies and other specially authorized state bodies, local executive authorities, local and regional authorities in accordance with the laws of Ukraine.

At this stage, the state policy in the field of forest protection depends not only on its implementation in the areas of regulations and methods of administrative regulation, but also on the level of environmental awareness and culture of the society. Therefore, the development of democratic rule of law in Ukraine is largely dependent on how much will be organized management system in the area of forest protection for the benefit of present and future generations, and how effective will and perfect system of laws that ensure the protection of the environment and natural resources.