

THE DETERMINATION OF SOME QUESTIONS SOURCE OF LEGAL REGULATION ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY

Yu. A. KRASNOVA, *PhD (Law)*,

National University of Life and Environmental Sciences of Ukraine

The article deals with the question of determining the contents and types of sources of legal regulation of environmental safety.

Source of law, legislation, environmental safety.

It was established that the source of legal regulation of environmental safety are regulations adopted by a public authority or local government within their assigned jurisdiction which establish, change or cease to environmental and legal standards - Legally binding model the behavior of environmental relations.

Sources of legal regulation of environmental safety can be classified as follows:

- On the subject of rulemaking: 1) regulations of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine; 2) regulations of the President of Ukraine; 3) The regulations of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine; 4) regulations of ministries and departments; 5) regulations of local governments; 6) local regulations; 7) supporting regulations (standards).

- The legal force: 1) laws; 2) subordinate legislation; 3) international instruments as a source of legal regulation of environmental safety. In this case, the effect of laws and other legal acts is determined by the jurisdiction of a state or local government that issued them or the role of the legal act in the legal system;

- The direction of regulation: 1) general regulations, which are objects of regulation environment and human life and health, and work on their health and safety in general; 2) Special regulations regulating objects which are separate spheres of economic activity which causes and / or may cause harmful effects on the environment and human life and health.

These laws can be classified in the following categories: 1) legislation defining the legal status and powers of state and local governments in addressing issues of environmental safety; 2) laws that establish specific environmental requirements for the safe conduct of economic activity; 3) legislation aimed at protecting the environment and human life and health in emergencies; 4) legislation aimed at ensuring environmental safety in specific areas of management: a) in the field of nuclear safety; b) in the area of environmental safety in the agricultural sector; c) in the area of environmental safety in transport; d) in the area of environmental safety in the sales of products, goods and consumer protection; e) in the area of environmental safety in the military field; e) in the area of environmental safety in the treatment of waste; g) in the area of environmental safety in the construction of plants, buildings and other facilities; 5) The laws that determine the type and amount of liability for breach of legislation on environmental safety and others.