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# EFFECT OF GROWTH REGULATOR ON ACN PIGMENT COMPLEX AND PHOTOSYNTHETIC EFFICIENCY OF TOMATO PLANTS.

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The results of the impact of the drug on Acme photosynthetic activity during tomato cultivation in the open ground. It is shown that growth regulator AKM stimulates accumulation in chloroplasts chlorophyll a and b and carotenoids. Established increase photosynthetic activity, resulting in an increase of net photosynthesis and productivity Fund plastic pigments.

### Tomato, pigment, growth regulator, AKM.

Increase in biomass per plant growth regulator for the actions of the AKM is mainly due to the biosynthetic processes in the leaves. Thus, the dry matter content of the plants treated with a growth regulator was 0,73-1,22% (Klondike) and 0,62-1,01% (Eleanor) more depending on the stage of development. The biggest difference in this indicator was observed in the flowering stage, regardless of grade.

The greatest influence on the AKM leaf area of plants PDMI Dora both varieties was in the flowering stage (27%). But in the early-maturing varieties Eleanor positive effect of growth regulators on leaf area in the phase-term PLO became unreliable.

Biometrics seedlings were determined by conventional methods. Pigment content was determined by the phases of plant development spec trofotometrichnim method, extraction of pigments was carried out with acetone. Optical density measurements were performed on SF-46 spectrophotometer at wavelengths of 440.5, 644 and 662 nm. Concentration of pigments Ras hovuvaly for Hill-Wettstein. Calculation of the pigment content, whether the wires on the dry matter. Experiments were performed five times again. For the analysis of selected active functional leaves, completed growth.

Pre-sowing seed soaking in solutions AKM [3] pro- conducted for 18 hours. The embodiment in control seeds were soaked in water. Three days before transplanting in the open ground plants were sprayed with ro-way growth regulator.

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