HISTORICAL AND LEGAL ASPECTS OF ORIGIN AND FORMATION OF VETERINARY LAW OF UKRAINE IN X-XIX CENTURIES

I.M. YERMOLENKO, Doctor of Law, Associate Professor, National University of Life and Environmental Sciences of Ukraine

Analyzed veterinary legislation in Ukraine at its inception which occurred in the era of Kiev an Rus and its further development in the period of adaptation of the Ukrainian lands in the Russian Empire until the beginning of the February revolution of 1917. Characterized features veterinary authorities in the investigated period features veterinary authorities in the investigated period.

Veterinary legislation, veterinary Law, veterinary business, veterinary science, veterinary medicine.

In connection with the search for effective ways to solve legal problems of the current reform of public relations occupies an important place modern veterinary legislation that is increasingly attracting the attention of researchers. To form the perfect modern legislation on veterinary industry must take into account the historical experience of its creation. After the previous stages of historical development is always possible to find such modern issues that have got some solution.

The purpose of the article is to clarify the characteristics of the origin and formation of veterinary legislation in Ukraine X-XIX centuries. Identification and synthesis of contemporary modern rule-making practices of historical experience.

Legal regulation of veterinary medicine at the state level was during the occurrence of Ukrainian lands in the Russian Empire. Among the administrative authorities of the then Russian Empire, designed to provide veterinary services directly and control the provision of such services are: Horse commandment, founded in 1511, where veterinary experts were called Konoval (since 1626), whose tasks included protection from diseases of horses, which in the XVII century was created "lekovue stable" and Apothecary commandment, founded in 1620 that was carried out and quarantine measures in relation to animal diseases and provide medicines Stables commandment. They were at the time of entering the Ukrainian lands in the Russian Empire as a result of the signing of the armistice Andrusovo (1667), making the so-called "Eternal Peace" (1686) and the three divisions of the Commonwealth (1772, 1793, 1795).

Veterinary matter regulated tend Senate and royal decrees. The majority of legal acts issued in the XVIII century, regulate sanitary condition and fighting epizootics.

In 1821 the Ministry of Interior was endowed with the power to appoint in each province, one veterinarian. Since 1841 the State Property Office had the right to hold provincial veterinarians in the wards of the state property, whose duties included teaching veterinary medicine feudal peasant boys school.

Practice Veterinary legally regulated relevant orders and regulations, which defined the basic tasks and functions of Military Veterinary Service. Content tasks included: health and save horse herd animals of other species in the units and formations of the army; restore the health of patients and wounded horses and other animals and accelerating their return to the ranks. In order to solve the tasks endowed with such basic management functions, which included the implementation of veterinary measures, supervision and control, veterinary treatment completions part of the troops of horse, and veterinary care and disease control measures elimination of infectious prevention and and parasitic diseases: implementation of veterinary supervision for health horse stock and its means of preventing diseases and by bands of animals and meat supply troops; Controls for the maintenance, care, work and material welfare of horses and troops manning the veterinary staff and experts to ensure its veterinary property. Direct performing the activities assigned to veterinary doctors and paramedics.

Analysis of veterinary legislation set out in this study makes it possible to make some generalizations. The first legislation generally related to the settlement of sanitary conditions, including outbreaks of epizootic. Veterinary matter in day of the Russian Empire regulated tend royal decrees and the Senate, and the circular orders of the Ministry of Internal Affairs. Evolution of veterinary public authorities held the post princely groom during the Kievan Rus, creating Stables commandment during the occurrence of Ukrainian lands in the Russian Empire, then - an advisory committee consisting of Veterinary Medicine Department of the Interior Ministry. Subsequently Veterinary Department was reformed in Veterinary and Veterinary Committee (advisory body) to MIA.