

**GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES IN HUMAN RIGHTS IMPLEMENTATION IN
UKRAINE: THE CURRENT STATE AND DEVELOPMENT
PERSPECTIVES**

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The research interests of this text are the theoretical law aspects of Ukraine's governmental actions in the human rights domain. The major issues of consideration are the factors, which hinder human rights observance, classification of these factors and ways of improving human rights and freedoms protection.

Human rights and freedoms, right enforcement.

The development of democratic, social and legal state in Ukraine resulted in particular the relevance of the subject of the article - status and perspectives of improving the implementation of human rights in Ukraine. In favor of this thesis is the content of a number of relevant provisions of the Constitution. Considering the aspects of the subject can be characterized by its novelty - definition first proposed criterion based on which the classification of the factors of negative impact on the realization of human rights, proposals for improving prorealtime activities within the scope of the fundamental rights of man and citizen.

The purpose of this article is to examine the status of and prospects for improvement prorealtime activities in the field of human rights and the formulation of a new classification of factors of negative impact on the realization of human rights, and the task - the study of the views of scientists on the affected problematic aspects of its subject.

Research of the problems of implementing human rights in the Ukrainian legal science, undoubtedly, is one of the Central places that are caused primarily by difficulties, which become an obstacle in the implementation of the fundamental provisions of the national legal systems that reinforce the basic human rights.

Existing relationships in the current Ukrainian society clearly show the poor condition of the effectiveness of the norms guaranteed even at the constitutional level that proclaim the basic economic, social and political values. Unfortunately, in real life modern society are very often left slogans provisions of the Constitution and laws, which guarantee an adequate standard of living, social security, state of the natural environment, the possession of people of the land and its subsoil. Anyway, even a cursory analysis of the data from the Ukrainian media shows repeated violations in the sphere of action of the different generations of human rights.

The presence of defects in prorealtime activity of the state largely reinforces the work that has already been defined, as well as its object - the process of realization of human rights. The relevance of the scientific issues in the field of human rights proves another fact of great interest in these issues of domestic scientists.

Review of the legal literature suggests that subjects with respect to the rights and freedoms was the basis for many of dissertation research. Despite a fairly large number of studies, where he received significant development provisions aimed at studying and finding solutions to problematic issues in the implementation of basic human rights, yet, this problem cannot be considered solved, because legal practice poses new more complex issues requiring detailed analysis. At least, can be mentioned as examples of the failure of the Ukrainian authorities to fully ensure the proper level of incomes, the unhindered exercise of the right to work, the right to medical assistance and the right to a fair trial and execution of judicial decisions. Not in vain in the pages of various legal

publications published in the last years, one can observe that the scientific interest in the theoretical and practical aspects of the implementation of human rights is not only not diminished, but also focuses on the importance of their study.

Given the problems with the realization of human rights, as well as classification factors affecting prorealtime activities in the field of human rights and freedoms, it is useful to distinguish the following ways to improve such activities:

- firstly, it is necessary to strengthen control over implementation of fundamental rights and freedoms by the relevant state authorities and officials of the Ombudsman, public Prosecutor's office and so on) and enter the constant reports in the media;
- secondly, it is necessary to ensure the effective participation of the population in monitoring the implementation of fundamental rights and freedoms, in particular to attract certain social structures, and individual citizens to participate in the execution of control functions;
- third, it would be appropriate, significant efforts should be directed to the activation of the law-making processes in the field of human rights and freedoms, namely a) to start the development of norms of procedural law, which will be aimed at implementing the provisions of the legislation, the content of which is human rights and freedoms; b) to start the trend to establish new, and in the case of more severe sanctions for improper implementation of human rights.

Suggested ways to improve prorealtime activities in the field of human rights and freedoms relate to, certainly more legal factors than non-legal problems of implementing human rights. If you look at the latter, they cannot be effectively addressed only through legal means. To solve them it is necessary to apply a set of measures aimed at improving the state of the economy, the creation of decent living conditions in first place for the most socially vulnerable layers of the population, increasing the level of legal

awareness, legal and political culture, the strengthening of public morality, the reorientation of modernism-minded social groups on the assimilation of the universal and, in particular, the legal values.