ADMINISTRATIVELY JURISDICTION PLENARY POWERS of GOVERNMENT CONTROLLERS GUARDS OF FISH

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In the scientific article the pressing questions of realization the organs guards of fish are examined administratively jurisdiction plenary powers.

Government controller guards of fish, organs guards of fish, organs of executive power, administrative offence.

Among the subjects of administrative prominent place given to fisheries authorities, which is a kind of executive power and are designed to perform a specific load in the state of law enforcement, including the fight against the most common category of illegal actions, which are administrative offenses.

This activity is to address individual administrative matters with appropriate legal sanctions to offenders in administrative proceedings. Specified value reflects their activity as the subject of administrative jurisdiction.

However in legal science no work, which would comprehensively addressed the administrative process, formation of public administration in the structure of fisheries. In view of the relevance of scientific research is to implement the theoretical analysis of the jurisdictional powers of state inspectors fisheries and processing legislation in this area.

The purpose of the article is to analyze the administrative and jurisdictional powers state inspector fisheries in the context of existing legislation.

In an important component of the term - "jurisdiction" generally refers to the authority of a person, an institution to provide legal assessment of the facts, actions, resolve legal issues or the process of implementing these powers. That is, the jurisdictional powers of state inspectors fisheries (hereinafter - fisheries inspector) are bringing the perpetrators of legal requirements to legal liability. It involves the application of state coercion offenders to update impaired enforcement or punishment of the person who committed the offense.

Thus, the term "administrative and jurisdictional authority" means the established legislative activities of government and individual officials in positions of authority, on the violation of individual administrative cases with appropriate legal sanctions to offenders administratively, without judicial authorities.

Administrative jurisdictional activity fisheries inspectors conditioned by the following factors: the volume of public relations, which are protected by these bodies displayed subordinate in specific cases of administrative offenses, and significantly wider powers to use their administrative and jurisdictional influence certain characteristics in the design of protocols on administrative offenses.

In this regard, more objective approach except for the legal and institutional framework needs to study the theoretical aspects of the administrative jurisdiction of fisheries inspectors.

In clarifying the conceptual model of the legal nature of administrative jurisdiction fisheries inspectors, the fundamental role played by the relationship of this legal phenomenon with the goals and objectives of executive power.

Under tasks of administrative jurisdictional proceedings taken by fishery protection bodies, understood immediate socio-legal results, the achievement of which they are directed. This result follows directly from the nature of administrative rules, which form a task relevant legislation, in this case, protection of water biological resources and regulation of fishing, including: job fish protection officers that are directly involved this activity. Inspectors of fish protection as an authority performing a wide range of tasks and functions in the sphere of protection and use of water biological resources and their habitats and combat crime. In terms of the legal description of their activities differ in the following main functions: administrative, preventive, tracking, executive and security. The combination of these trends leads to the specific forms and methods of work, the legal status of fish protection inspectors in carrying out their tasks.

Administrative-jurisdictional activities of fish protection must be treated as an independent type of state, regulation, enforcement and law enforcement activity which is to consider and resolution in prescribed by regulations order disputes in order to protect the state's interests in the fishing industry.

The conceptual, theoretical models of administrative jurisdiction fish protection inspectors are as common features and objectives inherent executive power in general, and signs and goals, characteristic to other types of jurisdictions (criminal law, civil law, economic and legal).

General and distinctive features of types of administrative jurisdiction in fishery protection bodies have a specific meaning, which separates this work from the jurisdiction of other state bodies and defines the special nature and purpose of fishery protection bodies in the executive branch.

Administrative jurisdiction of fishery protection bodies - a special method of protection public relations and at the same time - a way of application of administrative law in the field of executive bodies.