REALIZATION OF THE RIGHT TO THE PEACEFUL ASSEMBLY AS A WAY OFTHE PRE-ELECTION AGITATION IN UKRAINE

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The article is devoted for research of the problematic issues, which are associated with realization of the right on the peaceful assembly as a wayof the pre-election agitation in Ukraine. On the basis of Ukrainian acting legislation's analysis, which regulates legal relations in the proposed sphere, it was done the conclusion, of the needing acceptance a special legal act, which will ensure the free and unhindered organization of peaceful assembly, as in the between elections period then also during the election process.

Elections, pre-election agitation, freedom of peaceful assembly, realization of the right on the peaceful assembly, public events, electoral process.

The right on the peaceful assembly refers to the constitutional guarantees, which provides the right of ukrainian citizens on the freedom of thought and word, free expression of views and beliefs, free development of his personality, using and dissemination of information, etc. Using this law, citizens of Ukraine also have the opportunity, in a such way to lead election campaigning in right the period. In this case, expressing and promoting their beliefs concerning those or other candidates and / or parties which are the subject of a single the electoral process. The main problem in organizing this type of public event, is the absence of national legislation of Ukraine special law, which regulates relations arising during state's providing the right on the peaceful assembly.

The practice of peaceful assembly during the election process shows that the most common forms of the election campaign are:

- conduct of candidates' meetings with voters;
- organization of concerts in support of a candidate or political party;

- conduct of rallies and hikes in public places; institution of agitation tents.

However, the legislation of Ukraine does not have a specified time during which the organizers of public events have to provide adequate information to the executive authorities and local governments. Some it do not established time limit, until which is possible to submit the relevant messages. In this regard, it is necessary to join the range of citizens which emphasizes speedy adoption a Law of peaceful assembly. Today, we are concerned the establishment of the legislative rules of organization such public events during the election process with a view to realize election agitation. This question is seen more difficult because a canvass is limited on certain period, and therefore, it is important to conduct a legislative settlement that will provide quickly process of this type of activity. In this regard, it is suggest with future specialized legal act to determine that notice of conduct public events in order to realize election campaigning should be submitted from subjects of election campaigning no later than two business days before it will be carry out.

Such period is considered to be appropriate, due to the need to provide the possibilities of executive government and local governments to implement a part of the preparation and organizational measures. For example, to determine if is available place for realization public event in the planned day or to ensure for this peaceful character so on. And that in this is difficulty of the question, because period of the election campaigning for each candidate and / or parties has limits and that's why each of these subjects trying hold as more as possible such meetings, and the relevant public authorities should provide order and legality of their implementation.

Therefore, the foregoing gives reason to argue, what today the national legislation needs to be improved in the settlement procedure of events. In this context, public is waiting for the acceptance of VerkhovnaRada Ukraine the relevant of legal act that will ensure free implementation on right of freedom in the peaceful assembly in all available and required by ukraininan law forms.