

**Pylomaterials, drying process, calculation durations, utochnenny method.**

A pilot-scale approbation of the specified method calculation of drying term is conducted for oak, pine-tree and alder saw-timbers.

**Saw-timbers, drying process, duration calculation, specified method.**

504,054 **UDC: 628.5**

**MODYFYKATSYYA POLYKONDENSATSYONNYI GLUE  
ACTIVATED IN ЭЛЕКТРОМАНЬТНОМ MICROWAVE FIELD  
MONTMORYLLONYTOM**

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Proposals for the way they modyfykatsyy karbamidoformaldehydnyih resin with a view Reduction эмиссии formaldehyda myneralnym sorbent montmoryllonytom, activated in elektronomahnytnom microwave field, opredelenы optymalnoe TIME and elektronomahnytnoho-power microwave field for aktyvatsyy alyumosylykatnoho sorbent.

**Montmoryllonyt, karbamidoformaldegidnaja resin elektronomahnytnoe microwave field, aktyvatsyya, modifier.**

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C kazhdым hodom Production of synthetic resins grows kleenых of products and timber. Each year tempy sostavljaют production growth of 5-11%. Yes, planyruemoe Production of fanery vozrastet in the world with 71 million. M3 in 2010 to 84 million godu. M3 in 2015, fed, and plates OSB - c 18 million. M3 to 28 million. M3.

When production polykondensatsyonnyih resins DStP, hardboard, MDF and timber of products kleenых the air a working zone zahryaznyaetsya toksichnymu compounds. Most toksichnym and opasnym compounds in mebelnoy industry javljaetsja formaldehyd. Formaldehyd hazards уmeet class II, then there javljaetsja высокопасным substances. Concentration in His Most cases prevyshaet predelny Level 5 - 6 times, and pomeschenyyah, where

эkspluatruetsya Large Quantity of products IZ kleenoy timber - up to 10 times.

Lately manifested all Bolshoi Interest for the Study pryrodnyh minerals, in particular for clay sloystomu myneralu montmoryllonytu, in connection with the ego vozmozhnostyu Using a DIFFERENT industry industry such As neftehymyya, hymycheskaya, cladding, pyschevaya, Kosmetyczne, metallurhycheskaya at zahoroneny waste (in Volume numeric radyoaktyvnyh) How adsorbsyonnuy material. The basis of the structure montmoryllonyta sostavljaют plastynchatые crystals tolschynoy vicinity of 1 nm on otnosytsya for the group sloystyh sylykatov, sposobnyh for adsorbsyy and ion metabolism, sostoyt IZ trehsloynyh packets in a Grid kotorыh Al-Fe-Mg-oktaэdrov sochlenyaetsya with dvumya Grid kremnyykyslorodnyh tetraэdrov, vol. e. Structure 2: 1 - Between Grid dvumya tetraэdrov concluded a Grid oktaэdrov [1].

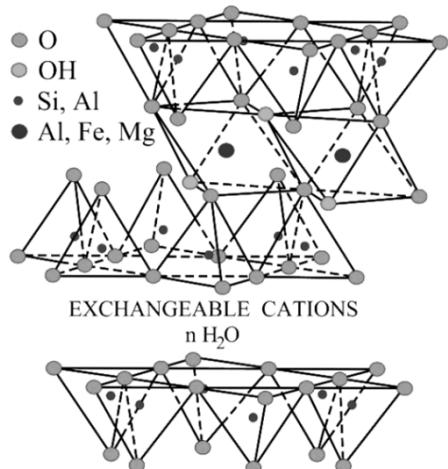


Fig. 1. Structure montmoryllonyta.

Adsorbsyonna emkost on formaldehydu natural nanoporous mynerala montmoryllonyta a native video is not great, and not prevyshaet 10 mg / g. Adsorbsyya povyshaetsya when conducting predvarytelnoy aktyvatsyy sample for schet desorbsyy fyzychesky svyazannoy water [2]. In the work yzuchaetsya Effect predvarytelnoy Monitor montmoryllonyta in elektronomahnytnom microwave field (EMF microwave). Aktyvatsyya mynerala in the field of microwave harakterzuetsya More быстрым and объемным sample overheating.

Aktyvatsyya sorbent irradiation was performed in a microwave field elektronomahnytnom. Osobennostyu этой Monitor javljaetsja pohloschenye Bouguer law on energy volny in bolshej Class adsorbsyonnosvyazannymu water molecules detached montmoryllonyta. In this connection razryivayutsya mezhmolekulyarnые Between the molecules of water and strukturnoy montmoryllonyta matrix. Almost all energy is elektronomahnytnoho microwave radiation pohloschaetsya myneralom.

Kinetics adsorbsyy formaldehyda on montmoryllonyte at razlychnoy-power microwave field is shown in Fig. 2.

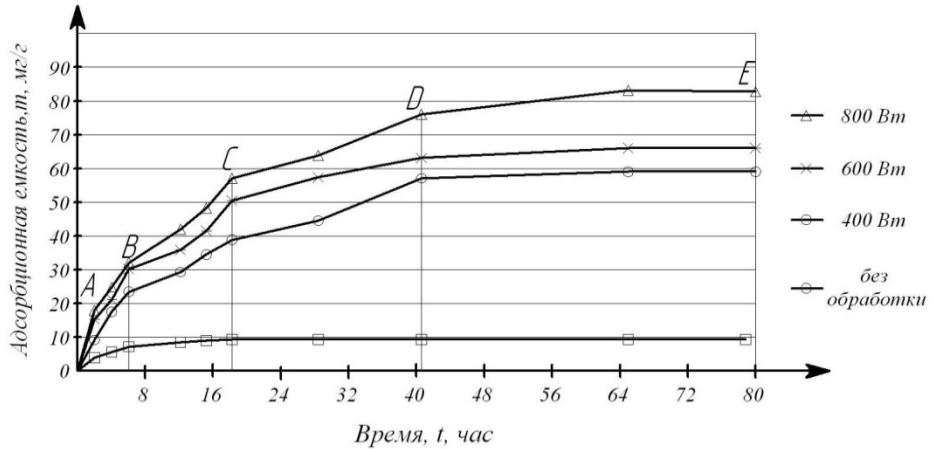


Fig. 2. Kynetycheskaya dependence emkosty montmoryllonyta a native video and obrabotannooho elektromahnuytnym razlychnoy microwave field capacity.

To obtain Novaya kleevoy compositions were injected into the glue napolnytel Volume (pryrodnyu and Activated montmoryllonyt) and mixtures Carefully peremeshyvaly. Fire-proof compounds Sootnoshenyе glue and napolnytelya anyway 100: 3 [3]. For definitions CONTENT freely formaldehyda in otverzhdennom modyfityrovannom Klee byly pryhotovlenы obraztsы pyatysloynoy fanery Size 300x300 mm based on karbamidoformaldehydnoho glue marks KBÚ Kronores 1000-1800 without modyfykatorov, p pryrodnym myneralom and myneralom, activated in the microwave field. Kamernym by opredelyaly эмиссию formaldehyda to Samples [4].

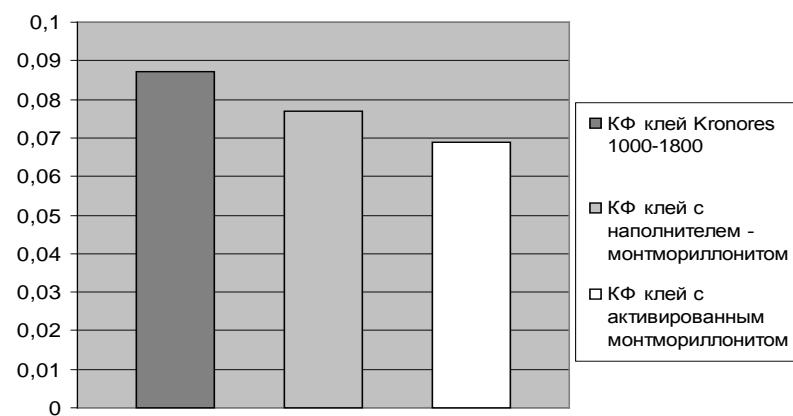


Fig. 3. Content formaldehyda freely in kleevoy compositions.

Эмиссия formaldehyda sostavljaet for fanery, uzhivotovlennoy with применением without glue napolnytelya, 0,087 mg / m<sup>3</sup>, with additions of natural, neaktyvyrovannooho mynerala 0,077 mg / m<sup>3</sup> and a video with napolnytelyem aktyvyrovannooho montmoryllonyta 0,069 mg / m<sup>3</sup>.

According poluchennym dannym Concentration formaldehyda, выделяющеюся IZ fanery snyzaetsya at 0.010 and 0.018 mg / m<sup>3</sup> for natural and aktyvirovanno ho mynerala respectively, that is 11 and 21%. Consequently aktyvatsyya sorbent in a microwave field contributes Reduction əmyssyy formaldehyda IZ kleenoy products and Improvement ecologically and, respectively, potrebytelskyh properties of the material.

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*The method of urea-formaldehyde resin modification for formaldehyde emission decreasing by mineral sorbent montmorillonite activated in microwave electromagnetic field was proposed; optimal time and power of microwave electromagnetic field for aluminosilicat sorbent activation were defined.*

***Montmorillonite, urea-formaldehyde resin, microwave electromagnetic field, activation, modicator.***

*The proposed modification method karbamidoformaldehidnyh resins to reduce the emission of formaldehyde mineral sorbent montmoryllonitom activated in a microwave electromagnetic field and optimal time and microwave power electromagnetic field to activate aluminosilicate sorbent.*

***Montmoryllonit, karbamidoformaldehidna resin, electromagnetic field of microwave activation, modifier.***

UDC 630,812

**VZAYMOSVYAZ FYZYCYESKYH properties of wood BEREZЫ  
POVYSLOY C MYKROSTRUKTUROY And SHYRYNOY  
HODYCHNOHO layer**